

## 误差估计

Tuesday, March 9,  
2010

### 误差分析 — 标准特征值问题

$$\begin{aligned}
 K\phi - \lambda\phi = 0 & \xrightarrow{\text{近似求解}} (\bar{\lambda}, \bar{\phi}) & K\Phi = \Phi\Lambda, \quad \Phi^T\Phi = I \\
 \text{方程残差 } r = K\bar{\phi} - \bar{\lambda}\bar{\phi} \neq 0 & \xleftarrow{\text{}} K = \Phi\Lambda\Phi^T, \quad \Phi\Phi^T = I \\
 & = \Phi(\Lambda - \bar{\lambda}I)\Phi^T\bar{\phi} \\
 \bar{\phi} = \Phi(\Lambda - \bar{\lambda}I)^{-1}\Phi^Tr & \quad \|\bar{\phi}\|_2 = 1 \\
 \text{向量范数 } \|\bar{\phi}\|_2 = \|\Phi(\Lambda - \bar{\lambda}I)^{-1}\Phi^Tr\|_2 & \xleftarrow{\text{}} \|\Phi\|_2 = \max_{\substack{x \in R^n \\ x \neq 0}} \frac{\|\Phi x\|_2}{\|x\|_2} = 1 \\
 1 \leq \|(\Lambda - \bar{\lambda}I)^{-1}\|_2 \|r\|_2 & \xleftarrow{\text{}} \|\Lambda - \bar{\lambda}I\|_2 = \max_i \frac{1}{|\lambda_i - \bar{\lambda}|} \\
 \min_i |\lambda_i - \bar{\lambda}| \leq \|r\|_2 & \text{接近于那一阶特征值?} \\
 & \text{Sturm序列的性质}
 \end{aligned}$$

### 误差分析 — 广义特征值问题

$$\begin{aligned}
 K\phi = \lambda M\phi & \xleftarrow{\text{}} M = SS^T \\
 KS^{-T}S^T\phi = \lambda SS^T\phi & \\
 S^{-1}KS^{-T}S^T\phi = \lambda S^{-1}SS^T\phi & \\
 \bar{K}\bar{\phi} = \lambda\bar{\phi} & \quad \bar{K} = S^{-1}KS^{-T}, \quad \bar{\phi} = S^T\phi \\
 r = \bar{K}\bar{\phi} - \bar{\lambda}\bar{\phi} = S^{-1}KS^{-T}S^T\bar{\phi} - \bar{\lambda}S^T\bar{\phi} = S^{-1}r_M & \\
 r_M = \bar{K}\bar{\phi} - \bar{\lambda}M\bar{\phi} & \\
 \min_i |\lambda_i - \bar{\lambda}| \leq \|S^{-1}r_M\|_2 &
 \end{aligned}$$